# ANWAR GALVANIZING LIMITED

Audited Financial Statements As at and for the year ended 30 June 2020

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BGIC Tower (4th Fioor) 34, Topkhana Road Dhaka-1000, Bangladesh Tel: +88-02-9553143, 9581786

Fax: +88-02-9571005 E-mail: info@mahfelhuq.com Web: www.mahfelhuq.com

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#### Independent Auditor's Report To the Shareholders' of Anwar Galvanizing Limited

#### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Anwar Galvanizing Limited (the "Company"), which comprise the Statement of Financial Position as at 30 June 2020 and along with the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income, Statement of Changes in Equity and Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements is present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as at 30 June 2020, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs).

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Bangladesh, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these ethical requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

#### 1. Revenue Recognition

#### Risk

The company reported total revenue of BDT 515,716,669 as 30 June 2020.

Revenue increased by BDT, 105,712,434, which shows 26% higher revenue compared to last year. We focus on the risk of material misstatement in the recognition of revenue, as a result of both fraud and error, because revenue is material and is an important determinant of the company's profitability, which has a consequent impact on its share price performance.

Revenue is derived from sales of GI Fittings and Others (scrap and wastage) as disclosed in note 16 to the financial statements.

#### Our Response to the Risks

We have tested the design and operating effectiveness of key controls focusing on the following:

- · calculation of each GI Fittings sales and Others sales;
- specific reason behind no sales of brake drum.
- segregation of duties in invoice creation and modification; and
- · Timing of revenue recognition.

Our substantive procedures in relation to the revenue recognition comprises the following:

 Obtaining supporting documentation for sales transactions recorded at the yearend date to



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[See note 16,00 to the financial statements]	determine whether revenue was recognized in the current period;  • Critically assessing manual journals posted to revenue to identify unusual or irregular items; and Finally assessed the appropriateness and presentation of disclosures against relevant accounting standards.
2. Valuation of Inventories	
Risk	Our Response to the Risks
The company had inventories of BDT 118,161,680 at 30th June 2020, held in factory premises and warehouse.  Inventory value is measured at the lower of cost and net realizable value. As a result, the Directors apply judgment in determining the appropriate values for value in use and working progress.  The provision of Work in Progress is calculated within the company's accounting systems using an automated process. Where local systems require manual interfaces and inputs, there is a risk that inappropriate management override and/or error may occur.  [See note 4.00 to the financial statements]	We challenged the appropriateness of management's assumptions applied in calculating the value of the inventory provisions by:  • evaluating the design and implementation of key inventory controls operating across the company, including those at a sample of warehouses.  • comparing the net realizable value, obtained through a detailed review of sales subsequent to the year-end, to the cost price of a sample of inventories and comparison to the associated provision to assess whether inventory provisions are complete; and  • challenging the completeness of inventory provisions through assessing actual and forecast sales of inventory to assess whether provisions for slow-moving/obsolete stock are valid and complete, if any

3. Trade Receivables	
Risk	Our Response to the Risks
The company has BDT, 3,842,643 of trade receivables as at 30 June 2020, which is net of Provision of bad debt amount to BDT, 743,598.	For trade receivables and the management's policy for bad debt provision, our key audit procedures included the following:
The company has a large number of dealers, therefore the size of the trade receivable balance and the high level of management judgement used in determining the impairment provision is a material issue.  [See note 5.00 to the financial statements]	We performed trade receivables balance confirmations from the dealers on a sample basis;     We analysed the aging of trade receivables; and     We obtained a list of long outstanding receivables and assessed the recoverability of these through inquiry with management and by obtaining sufficient corroborative evidence to support the conclusions.



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Management's Consideration of the Potential Impact of COVID-19	
Risk	Our Response to the Risks
Management has made estimates and judgements that there was basically no adverse impact of COVID-19 on the company.  In doing so, management have made estimates and judgements that are critical to the outcomes of these considerations with particular focus on the company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least 12 months from the date of the signing of the financial statements.  As a result of the impact of COVID-19 on the wider financial markets we have determined management's consideration of the potential impact of COVID-19 (including their associated estimates and judgements) to be a key audit matter,	results forecasts and liquidity analysis underlying their going concern assessment and tested the integrity of the forecasts, including mathematical accuracy.

#### Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all of the information in the Annual Report other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The Annual Report is expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

#### Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements and Internal Controls

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements of the Company and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so. Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.



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#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud
  or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that
  is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material
  misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve
  collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the
  disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a
  manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities to express an opinion on the financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matter, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identified during our audit.



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#### Report on other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In accordance with the Companies Act, 1994, the Securities and Exchange Rules 1987 and other applicable laws and regulations, we also report that:

- (i) we have obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit and made due verification thereof;
- in our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appeared from our examination of those books;
- (iii) the statement of financial position and statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income together with the annexed notes dealt with by the report are in agreement with the books of account and returns; and
- (iv) The expenditure incurred, except as noted above, were to the purpose of company business.

Dhaka, 27 October 2020

Md. Abdus Satter Sarkar, FCA
For and on behalf of,
Mahfel Huq & Co.
Chartered Accountants

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### Anwar Galvanizing Limited Statement of Financial Position As at 30 June 2020

	Notes	30 June 2020 BDT	30 June 2019 BDT
Assets			
Non Current Assets			
Property, Plant and Equipment	3.00	91,793,269	88,031,523
		91,793,269	88,031,523
Current Assets			
Inventories	4.00	116,694,083	125,387,724
Trade Receivables	5.00	4,470,157	5,224,134
Advances, Deposits and Prepayments	6.00	40,822,970	15,373,982
Short Term Investment	7.00	919,051	1,217,468
Cash and Cash Equivalents	8.00	28,469,311	33,356,832
		191,375,573	180,560,140
Total Assets		283,168,842	268,591,663
Equity & Liabilities			
Shareholders' Equity			
Share Capital	9.00	145,200,000	145,200,000
Retained Earnings	10.00	13,031,854	(1,939,025
Other Components of Equity	11.00	(645,275)	(346,858
		157,586,579	142,914,117
Non Current Liabilities		0.400.444	10.220.052
Deferred Tax Liabilities	12.00	9,402,441	10,320,053
		9,402,441	10,320,053
Current Liabilities			
Trade and Other Payables	13.00	87,200,645	107,373,249
Income Tax Liabilities	14.00	10,230,526	7,984,244
Short Term Loan	15.00	18,748,650	61
		116,179,822	115,357,493
Total Equity & Liabilities		283,168,842	268,591,663

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements

Company Secretary

Managing Director

Chairman

Signed as per our annexed report on even date

Place: Dhaka

Dated: 27 October 2020

Mahfel Huq & Co.

**Chartered Accountants** 

# Anwar Galvanizing Limited Statement of Profit or Loss & Other Comprehensive Income

For the year ended 30 June 2020

	Notes	30 June 2020 BDT	30 June 2019 BDT
Revenue	16.00	534,251,648	433,443,776
Cost of Goods Sold	17.00	(464,269,433)	(379,257,017)
Gross Profit	33	69,982,214	54,186,759
Operating Expenses			
Administrative Expenses	18.00	(15,059,989)	(13,333,045)
Selling and Distribution Expenses	19.00	(13,128,587)	(10,859,706)
		(28,188,575)	(24,192,751)
Operating Profit	1	41,793,639	29,994,008
Financial Expenses	20.00	(1,025,231)	(806,570)
Non-Operating Income	21.00	176,541	186,937
Profit Before Distribution of WPPF	\$20,0200 is	40,944,949	29,374,376
Contribution to WPPF	13.01.01	(1,949,760)	(1,398,780)
Profit Before Tax	Commonwead (	38,995,189	27,975,596
Income Tax Expense			
Current Tax	14.00	(10,421,922)	(6,175,640)
Deferred Tax	12.00	917,612	89,011
	2	(9,504,310)	(6,086,629)
Profit After Tax	2	29,490,879	21,888,967
Other Comprehensive Income			
Unrealized Gain/(Loss) on Marketable Securities	7.00	(298,417)	(105,825)
Total Comprehensive Income for the Period	0/45/63 2	29,192,463	21,783,142
SNS/L X S VH	_		11/2
Basic Earning Per Share	24.00	2.03	1.51

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements

Company Secretary

Managing Director

Signed as per our annexed report on even date

Place: Dhaka

Dated: 27 October 2020

Mahfel Huq & Co. Chartered Accountants

Chairman



# **Anwar Galvanizing Limited** Statement of Changes in Equity For the year ended 30 June 2020

Amount in BDT

Particulars	Share Capital	Tax Holiday Reserve	Retained Earnings	Other Components of Equity	Total
Balance as on 30 June 2018	145,200,000	34,057,703	(43,365,695)	(241,033)	135,650,975
Total Comprehensive Income/(Loss)		724	21,888,967	(105,825)	21,783,142
Unrealized Gain/ (Loss)	25				
Dividend (Cash)	2.		(14,520,000)		(14,520,000)
Transfer of Reserve to Retained		(34,057,703)	34,057,703		(4.1,020,000)
Balance as on 30 June 2019	145,200,000	-	(1,939,025)	(346,858)	142,914,117
Net Profit/ (Loss) for the year			29,490,879	(298,417)	29,192,463
Unrealized Gain/ (Loss)	-	-	-	- 1377	25,152,405
Dividend (Cash)			(14,520,000)		(14,520,000)
Balance as on 30 June 2020	145,200,000	- 3	13,031,854	(645,275)	157,586,579

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements

Chairman

Place: Dhaka

Dated: 27 October 2020



### Anwar Galvanizing Limited Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended 30 June 2020

Particulars	Notes	30 June 2020 BDT	30 June 2019 BDT
Cash Flows from Operating Activities			
Collection from Customers and Others	22.00	548,126,273	448,169,015
Payment for Suppliers, Employees & Others		(484,308,625)	(418,705,817)
Income Tax Paid		(11,753,781)	(5,051,812)
Interest Paid		(708,849)	(165,293)
Net Cash Inflow/(Outflow) from Operating Activities	1	51,355,018	24,246,092
Cash Flows from Investing Activities			
Payment for the Acquisition of Property, Plant & Equipment		(9,049,256)	(6,502,585)
Payment for the Capital Work-In-Progress		(5,830,973)	(0,502,565)
Proceeds from Sales of Property, Plant & Equipment		(3,030,373)	E1 702 600
Net Cash Inflow/(Outflow) from Investing Activities		(14,880,229)	51,783,688 45,281,103
Cash Flows from Financing Activities			NORTH CONTRACTOR
Dividend Paid		(10 600 144)	(10 546 053)
Inter Company Payment		(10,680,144)	(10,546,053)
Paid against Loan against Trust Receipts (LTR)		/20 692 1651	(55,977,217)
Net Cash Inflow/(Outflow) from Financing Activities		(41,362,309)	(3,996,875)
Net Increase/(decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		19000	29 32 32 45
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the Beginning of the Year		(4,887,521)	(992,950)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the Year End		33,356,832	34,349,782
and cost equivalents at the rear end	1	28,469,311	33,356,832
Net Operating Cash Flow Per Share (NOCFPS)	25.00	3.54	1.67

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements

Company Secretary

Managing Director

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Place: Dhaka

Dated: 27 October 2020



As at and for the year ended 30 June 2020

#### Reporting Entity

#### a) Company Profile

Anwar Galvanizing Limited (the "Company") was incorporated in Bangladesh on 14th February 1995, under the Companies Act, 1994 as a public company limited by shares. The Company went for Initial Public Offering (IPO) of shares in November 1995 which was fully subscribed and issued. The shares have since been listed and are being traded in Dhaka and Chittagong Stock Exchanges.

The address of the registered office and the principal place of business is Baitul Hossain Building (14<sup>th</sup> Floor), 27, Dilkusha Commercial Area, Dhaka. The manufacturing plant is located at Morkun, Tongi Industrial Area, Gazipur.

#### b) Nature of Business:

The Company has been involved in the manufacturing of galvanized corrugated sheets and galvanized GI fittings of all specifications and grades under the Building Material Division (BMD) of Anwar Group of Industries (AGI). The company is the first manufacturer and local market leader of galvanized iron-pipe fittings and brake drums. The company has suspended its production and distribution of Brake Drum from May 2019 to utilize the full production capacity in galvanized iron-pipe fittings which has better profit margin.

#### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Basis of Preparation of the Financial Statements:

#### 2.1 Statement of Compliance:

The preparation and presentation of the financial statements and the disclosure of information have been made in accordance and in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs), International Accounting Standards (IASs), the Companies Act 1994, the Securities and Exchange Rules 1987 and other applicable laws in Bangladesh.

#### 2.2 Going Concern:

The company has adequate resources to continue in operation for foreseeable future and hence the financial statements have been prepared on going concern basis. As per management assessment there are no material uncertainties related to events or conditions which may cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

#### 2.3 Compliance with Financial Reporting Standards as applicable in Bangladesh:

IAS/ IFRS	Title	Remarks
IAS 1	Presentation of Financial Statements	Complied
IAS 2	Inventories	Complied
IAS 7	Statement of Cash Flows	Complied
IAS 8	Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors	Complied
IAS 10	Events after the Reporting Period	Complied
IAS 11	Construction Contracts	N/A
IAS 12	Income Taxes	Complied
IAS 16	Property, Plant and Equipment	Complied
IAS 19	Employee Benefits	Complied



As at and for the year ended 30 June 2020

IAS 20	Accounting for Government Grants and Disclosure of Government Assistance	N/A
IAS 21	The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates	Complied
IAS 23	Borrowing Costs	Complied
IAS 24	Related Party Disclosures	Complied
IAS 26	Accounting and Reporting by Retirement Benefit Plans	N/A
IAS 27	Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements	N/A
IAS 28	Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures	N/A
IAS 31	Interests in Joint Ventures	N/A
IAS 32	Financial Instruments: Presentation	Complied
IAS 33	Earnings per Share	Complied
IAS 34	Interim Financial Reporting	Complied
IAS 36	Impairment of Assets	Complied
IAS 37	Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets	Complied
IAS 38	Intangible Assets	Complied
IAS 39	Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement	Complied
IAS 40	Investment Property	N/A
IAS 41	Agriculture	N/A
IFRS-1	First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards	N/A
IFRS-2	Share Based Payment	N/A
IFRS-3	Business Combinations	N/A
IFRS-4	Insurance Contracts	N/A
IFRS-5	Non-Current Assets held for Sale and Discontinued Operations	Complied
IFRS-6	Exploration for and Evaluation of Mineral Resources	
IFRS-7	Financial Instruments : Disclosures	Complied N/A
IFRS-8	Operating Segments	
IFRS-9	Financial Instruments	N/A Complied
IFRS-10	Consolidated Financial Statements	N/A
IFRS-11	Joint Arrangements	N/A
IFRS-12	Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities	Complied
IFRS-13	Fair Value Measurement	Complied
IFRS-14	Regulatory Deferral Accounts	N/A
IFRS-15	Revenue from contracts with customers	Complied
IFRS-16	Leases	Complied
IFRS-17	Insurance Contract	N/A

# 2.4 Other Regulatory Compliances:

The company is also required to comply with the following major legal provisions in addition to The Companies Act 1994 and other applicable laws and regulations but not limited to:

- a) The Income Tax Ordinance & Rules, 1984
- b) The Value Added Tax and Supplementary Duty Act & Rules, 2012



As at and for the year ended 30 June 2020

- c) The Security & Exchange Rules, 1987
- d) The Customs Act 1969
- e) The Bangladesh Labour Act 2006 (Amended in 2013)
- f) The Bangladesh Labour Rules 2015

#### 2.5 Basis of Measurement:

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for the 'Short Term Investment' measured at present value using 'mark to market' concept with unrealized gain/loss presented in other comprehensive income. No consideration was taken for the effect of inflation.

#### 2.6 Use of Estimates and Judgments:

The preparation of financial statements require management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revision of accounting estimates is recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Information about assumptions, estimation and judgments uncertainties that have a significant risk of in the year ending 30 June 2020 is included in the following notes:

Note 12: Deferred tax liabilities

Note 05: Provision for trade receivables

Note 03: Useful life and residual value of property, plant and equipment

Note 13.1: Provision for expense

Note 14: Current tax liabilities

#### 2.7 Cash Flow Statement:

IAS 1 requires that a complete set of financial statement requires preparation of statement of cash flows. The statement of cash flows is prepared as it provides information about cash flows of the enterprise which is useful in providing users of financial statements with the information about ability of the enterprise to generate cash and utilization of those cash.

#### 2.8 Statement of Changes in Equity:

The Statement of Changes in Equity reflects information about the increase or decrease in net assets or wealth. The statement also shows item-wise movement along with the description of changes from the end of last year to the end of current period.

#### 2.9 Significant Accounting Policies:

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these financial statements. Certain comparative amounts in the financial statements have been reclassified and rearranged to conform to the current year's presentation.



As at and for the year ended 30 June 2020

#### i. Property, Plant and Equipment:

#### a) Recognition and measurement:

In pursuant to IAS 16: Property, Plant and Equipment, the cost of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognized as an asset if, and only if it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the entity, and the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

Fixed assets have been accounted for at cost less accumulated depreciation. Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs of enhancement of existing assets are recognized as a separate asset, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the company and the cost of such items can be measured reliably. All other expenditures are charged to the Profit and Loss account in the financial period which they are incurred.

#### b) Depreciation:

No depreciation is charged on land and capital work in progress (CWIP) as the land has unlimited useful life and CWIP has not yet been placed in service.

Depreciation on assets is calculated using the Straight Line Method to allocate the cost amount over their estimated useful lives. In respect of addition of fixed assets, depreciation is charged full month in the month of addition. No depreciation is charged in the month of disposal.

Depreciation is charged using the following rates on the fixed assets:

Asset Category	Depreciation Rate		
WHEN IN	FY 2019-20	FY 2018-19	
Land & Land Development	0%	0%	
Building & Construction	2-5%	2-5%	
Plant, Machinery & Equipment	3.33-25%	3.33-25%	
Office Equipment	10-33.33%	10-33.33%	
Furniture & Fixtures	10%	10%	
Vehicles	6.67%	6.67%	

#### c) Retirement and disposals:

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss on derecognition of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognized as profit or loss.

#### d) Impairment of Assets:

The carrying amount of Company's assets is reviewed with sufficient regularity to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. Any impairment loss is recognized in the profit and loss account if the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount (IAS 36 Impairment of Assets). No such impairment loss has been arisen and recognized during the year ended 30 June 2020.

#### ii. Inventories:

Inventories except materials in transit are measured at the lower of cost and net realizable value. The cost of inventories is based on the weighted average method, and includes expenditure incurred in



As at and for the year ended 30 June 2020

acquiring the inventories, production or conversion costs and other costs incurred in bringing them to their existing location and condition. In the case of manufactured inventories and work-in-progress, cost includes an appropriate share of production overheads based on normal operation capacity.

Allowance for inventory is periodically recognized mainly on the basis of failure in quality control testing, net realizable value, non-compliance testing, near to expiry etc. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and selling expenses.

Material in transit represents the cost incurred up to the date of the statement of financial position for the items that were not received but the relative risk has been transferred till to the date of reporting. Inventory losses and abnormal losses are recognized as expenses.

#### iii. Leases:

All leases other than those which meet the definition of finance lease are treated as operating lease and are recognized in the statement of profit and loss. Payments made under operating leases are recognized in profit or loss. For non-cancellable operating leases payments are recognized on a straight line basis over the term of the lease.

#### iv. Financial instruments:

Non-derivative financial instruments comprise investments in shares and term deposit, trade receivables, other receivables, intercompany receivables, cash and cash equivalents, trade payables, other payables, intercompany payables, share capital and interest-bearing borrowings.

#### a) Financial Assets:

The Company initially recognizes receivables and deposits issued on the date when they are originated. All other financial assets are initially recognized on the trade date.

The Company derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred, or it neither transfers nor retains substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership and does not retain control over the transferred asset.

The Company's financial assets comprise trade and other receivables, investment in shares and term deposit and cash and cash equivalents.

#### Trade, Other and Intercompany Receivables:

Trade, other and intercompany receivables are recognized at original invoiced amount. Receivables are stated at netted off provision for bad and doubtful debt and written off. Provision is made in the financial statements considering the uncertainty of recovery at the date of the statement of financial position and bad debts are written off when the debts became finally irrecoverable based on assessment and judgment made by senior management of the Company.

### Investment in Shares-other than the Investment in Subsidiaries, Associates and Joint Ventures:

Investment in shares is non-derivative financial assets that are designated as available-for-sale. Initially they are recognized at cost and subsequent to initial recognition, they are measured at fair value and changes therein, other than impairment losses and foreign currency differences on available-for-sale are



As at and for the year ended 30 June 2020

recognized in other comprehensive income and presented in fair value reserve in equity. When an investment is derecognized, the gain or loss accumulated in equity is reclassified to profit or loss.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents:

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash balances and all call deposits with original maturities of three months or less. Bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Company's cash management are included as a component of cash and cash equivalents for the purpose only of the statement of cash flows. There is no bank overdraft availing by the company.

#### b) Financial Liabilities:

The Company initially recognizes financial liabilities on the transaction date at which the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the liability. The Company recognizes such financial liability when its contractual obligations arising from past events are certain and the settlement of which is expected to result in an outflow from the entity of resources embodying benefits. The Company derecognizes a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled, or expired.

The Company's financial liabilities comprise trade and other payables and interest-bearing borrowings.

#### Trade Payables

Trade payables are recognized at fair value.

#### Interest-bearing Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are recognized initially at fair value less attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, interest-bearing borrowings are stated at amortized cost using the effective interest method less any impairment losses.

### Offsetting a Financial Asset and a Financial Liability

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Company has a legal right to offset the amounts and intends either to settle them on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### v. Share Capital:

#### a) Authorized Capital:

Authorized capital is the maximum amount of share capital that the Company is authorized by its Memorandum and Articles of Association to issue to shareholders.

#### b) Paid-up Capital:

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of ordinary shares are recognized as a deduction from equity, net of any tax effect.

#### c) Retained Earnings:

The surplus amount after appropriation of profit is kept in Retained Earnings

#### vi. Taxation:

#### a) Current Year:



As at and for the year ended 30 June 2020

During the year, provision for income tax has been calculated in compliance with the Income Tax Ordinance 1984.

#### b) Previous Years Assessment Status:

The company submitted Income Tax Returns for assessment years from 2007-08 to 2017-18 (Income Years 2006-07 to 2019-20) to the Tax Authority availing facility u/s 82 BB of the I.T. Ordinance, 1984. The returns so submitted to the Tax Authority are deemed to have been accepted by the Tax Authority as per Section 82 BB. There is no further tax liability in respect of these assessment years except for assessment year 2005-2006 and 2007-2008 for which revised assessments have been completed and necessary provisions have been made.

The company has preferred an appeal to the High Court Division of the Honorable Supreme Court of Bangladesh in respect of assessment year 2002-2003 and 2008-2009 against which Court award is still pending. The management, in consultation with the tax consultant is expecting that no liability will be aroused.

#### c) Deferred Tax:

Deferred tax is recognized in compliance with IAS 12: Income Taxes, providing for temporary differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and amount used for taxation purposes. Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to the temporary differences when they reverse, based on the laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the date of statement of financial position. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax liabilities and assets, and they relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority on the same taxable entity.

A deferred tax asset is recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary difference can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each year-end and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized.

#### vii. Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets:

Provisions are liabilities of uncertain timings or amount. Provisions are recognized when the company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be repaid to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation can be made.

All provisions are recognized by making the best estimate of the amounts in accordance with IAS 37: Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets.

#### viii. Employee Benefits:

#### Workers' Profit Participation Fund

The company has made a provision for Workers' Profit Participation Fund (WPPF) for the year ended 30 June 2020. The Company provides 5% of its net profit before tax after charging such expense as Workers' Profit Participation Fund in accordance with the Bangladesh Labour Act 2006 as amended 2013.

#### ix. Revenue Recognition, Measurement and Presentation:



As at and for the year ended 30 June 2020

The Company has adopted IFRS 15 (Revenue from Contracts with Customers) to provide a single, comprehensive revenue recognition model for all contracts with customers. Under the new guidance, an entity will recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers at an amount that the entity expects to be entitled to in exchange for those goods or services.

A five step model has been introduced for an entity to apply when recognizing revenue.

IFRS 15 is effective from 01 January 2018, and was applied to contracts that were not completed at the date of initial application on a modified retrospective basis through a cumulative effect adjustment to retained earnings as of that date. The prior period comparative information has not been restated and continues to be reported under the accounting guidance in effect for those periods.

#### x. Finance income and expenses:

The Company's finance income and finance costs include:

- · interest income and
- interest expense;

Interest income or expense is recognized using the effective interest method. Interest income is recognized on accrual basis. All finance expenses are recognized in profit or loss.

### xi. Foreign Currency Transactions and Translations:

### a) Foreign Currency Transactions:

Transactions/Day End Balances in foreign currencies are converted into respective functional currencies at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of transactions as per IAS 21 'The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates'. Effects of Exchange rate differences (rates at which transactions were initially recorded and the rate prevailing on the reporting date/date of settlements) applied on the monetary assets or liabilities of the Company are recorded in the Profit or Loss Account.

#### b) Foreign Currency Translations:

Assets and liabilities have been presented into BDT (which is functional currency of the Company) using yearend spot rate of exchange of the Company and incomes and expenses are translated using spot rate of exchange. The foreign currency translation difference is a net result of exchange difference of year end standard mid-rate and monthly average of standard mid-rate arising from translation of functional currency to presentation currency.

#### xii. Proposed Dividend:

Proposed Dividend has been shown separately under the shareholders' equity in accordance with International Accounting Standards (IAS)-10 "Events after the Reporting Period"

IAS 1: Presentation of Financial Statements also requires the dividend proposed after the balance sheet date but before the date when the financial statements are authorized for issue, be disclosed in the notes to the financial statement. Accordingly, the Company has disclosed the amount of proposed dividend in notes.

#### xiii. Earnings Per Share (EPS)

The Company calculates earnings per share (EPS) in accordance with IAS 33 "Earnings Per Share" which has been shown on the face of Profit and Loss Account. Earnings per share (EPS) has been calculated by



As at and for the year ended 30 June 2020

dividing the net profit after tax by the total number of ordinary shares outstanding at the end of the period.

#### Basic Earnings per Share

Basic earnings per share shall be calculated by dividing profit or loss attributable to ordinary equity holders of the entity (the numerator) by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (the denominator) during the period.

#### Diluted Earnings per Share

Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders and the total number of ordinary shares outstanding for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

### xiv. Net Asset Value (NAV) and Net Operating Cash Flow Per share (NOCFPS):

The Net Asset Value (NAV) and Net Operating Cash Flow per share has been disclosed in the financial statements in line with BSEC (Bangladesh Securities & Exchange Commission) and have been computed in line with EPS.

#### xv. Related Party Disclosure:

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions. Parties are also considered to be related if they are subject to common control or common significant influence. Related party transaction is a transfer of resources, services, or obligations between related parties, regardless of whether a price is charged as per IAS 24 'Related Party Disclosures', BSEC guidelines.

#### xvi. Components of Financial Statements:

According to the International Accounting standards (IAS) 1 "Presentation of Financial Statements", the complete set of Financial Statements includes the following components:

- a) Statement of Financial Position as on 30th June 2020.
- b) Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income for the year ended 30th June 2020.
- Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 30th June 2020.
- d) Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 30th June 2020.
- e) Accounting Policies and Explanatory Notes.

#### 2.10 Reporting Period:

Financial Statements of the company cover one financial year from 01 July 2019 to 30 June 2020.

### 2.11 Comparative Information and Rearrangement thereof:

Comparative information has been disclosed in respect of the year for all numerical information in the financial statements and also the narrative and descriptive information where it is relevant for understanding of the current year's financial statements.

Figures for prior year have been re-arranged wherever considered necessary to ensure better comparability with current year.

### 2.12 Reporting Currency and Level Precision:



As at and for the year ended 30 June 2020

Comparative information has been disclosed in respect of the year for all numerical information in the financial statements and also the narrative and descriptive information where it is relevant for understanding of the current year's financial statements.

Figures for prior year have been re-arranged wherever considered necessary to ensure better

#### 2.13 Consistency:

In accordance with IFRS framework for the presentation of financial statements together with IAS-1 and IAS-8, Anwar Galvanizing Limited discloses its information consistently from one period to the next. Where selecting and applying a new accounting policies, changes in accounting policies, correction of errors, and the amount involved are accounted for and disclosed retrospectively in accordance with the requirement of IAS-8. However, for changes in the accounting estimates the related amount is recognized prospectively in the current period and in the next period or periods.



	Particulars	Notes	30 June 2020 BDT	30 June 2019 BDT
3.00	Property, Plant and Equipment			
	Property, Plant and Equipment	3.01	85,962,296	88,031,523
	Capital Work -In-Progress	3.02	5,830,973	00,001,011
			91,793,269	88,031,523
3.01	Property, Plant and Equipment	1		
	A. Cost			
	Opening Balance as on 01 July		128,082,944	121,585,809
	Addition during the year		9,049,256	6,502,585
	Disposal during the year		(3,770,870)	(5,450
			133,361,330	128,082,944
	B. Accumulated Depreciation			
	Opening Balance as on 01 July		40,051,421	32,186,080
	Depreciation for the year		9,350,108	7,870,341
	Depreciation on disposal of assets during the year		(2,002,495)	(5,000
			47,399,034	40,051,421
	Written down value as on 30 June 2020 (A-B)		85,962,296	88,031,523
	Details have been shown in the Schedule of Property	y, Plant and Eq	ulpment.	
3.02	Capital Work -In-Progress			
3.02	Capital Work -In-Progress Annealing Furnace No05		706.040	2
3.02	Annealing Furnace No05		706,040 12,960	- ×
3.02	Annealing Furnace No05 Annealing Furnace No06		12,960	20
3.02	Annealing Furnace No05			2 2) 1
	Annealing Furnace No05 Annealing Furnace No06 CWIP Electric Chain Hoist with CT Trolley		12,960 5,111,973	2) 2) 1) 2)
	Annealing Furnace No05 Annealing Furnace No06 CWIP Electric Chain Hoist with CT Trolley Inventories	273	12,960 5,111,973 5,830,973	4 207 551
	Annealing Furnace No05 Annealing Furnace No06 CWIP Electric Chain Hoist with CT Trolley Inventories Raw materials	4.1	12,960 5,111,973 5,830,973 5,748,394	
	Annealing Furnace No05 Annealing Furnace No06 CWIP Electric Chain Hoist with CT Trolley Inventories Raw materials Auxiliary materials	4.2	12,960 5,111,973 5,830,973 5,748,394 10,011,368	6,993,465
	Annealing Furnace No05 Annealing Furnace No06 CWIP Electric Chain Hoist with CT Trolley  Inventories Raw materials Auxiliary materials Spare parts and other materials	4.2 4.3	12,960 5,111,973 5,830,973 5,748,394 10,011,368 32,173,795	6,993,465 31,913,240
	Annealing Furnace No05 Annealing Furnace No06 CWIP Electric Chain Hoist with CT Trolley  Inventories Raw materials Auxiliary materials Spare parts and other materials Finished goods	4.2 4.3 4.4	12,960 5,111,973 5,830,973 5,748,394 10,011,368 32,173,795 30,101,020	6,993,465 31,913,240 43,770,920
3.02 4.00	Annealing Furnace No05 Annealing Furnace No06 CWIP Electric Chain Hoist with CT Trolley  Inventories Raw materials Auxiliary materials Spare parts and other materials	4.2 4.3	12,960 5,111,973 5,830,973 5,748,394 10,011,368 32,173,795 30,101,020 38,659,507	6,993,46 31,913,24 43,770,92 38,502,54
	Annealing Furnace No05 Annealing Furnace No06 CWIP Electric Chain Hoist with CT Trolley  Inventories Raw materials Auxiliary materials Spare parts and other materials Finished goods Work -in-process	4.2 4.3 4.4 4.5	12,960 5,111,973 5,830,973 5,748,394 10,011,368 32,173,795 30,101,020 38,659,507 116,694,083	6,993,465 31,913,240 43,770,920 38,502,547 125,387,724
	Annealing Furnace No05 Annealing Furnace No06 CWIP Electric Chain Hoist with CT Trolley  Inventories Raw materials Auxiliary materials Spare parts and other materials Finished goods Work -in-process  Inventories, except goods in transit are measured a	4.2 4.3 4.4 4.5	12,960 5,111,973 5,830,973 5,748,394 10,011,368 32,173,795 30,101,020 38,659,507 116,694,083	6,993,465 31,913,240 43,770,920 38,502,547 125,387,724 t realisable value
	Annealing Furnace No05 Annealing Furnace No06 CWIP Electric Chain Hoist with CT Trolley  Inventories Raw materials Auxiliary materials Spare parts and other materials Finished goods Work -in-process	4.2 4.3 4.4 4.5 at lower of cos	12,960 5,111,973 5,830,973 5,748,394 10,011,368 32,173,795 30,101,020 38,659,507 116,694,083	6,993,465 31,913,240 43,770,920 38,502,547 <b>125,387,724</b> t realisable value
4.00	Annealing Furnace No05 Annealing Furnace No06 CWIP Electric Chain Hoist with CT Trolley  Inventories Raw materials Auxiliary materials Spare parts and other materials Finished goods Work -in-process  Inventories, except goods in transit are measured at (NRV). In view of innumerable items of inventory feasible to disclose the comparison of NRV and cost.	4.2 4.3 4.4 4.5 at lower of cos	12,960 5,111,973 5,830,973 5,748,394 10,011,368 32,173,795 30,101,020 38,659,507 116,694,083	6,993,465 31,913,240 43,770,920 38,502,547 <b>125,387,724</b> t realisable value
4.00	Annealing Furnace No05 Annealing Furnace No06 CWIP Electric Chain Hoist with CT Trolley  Inventories Raw materials Auxiliary materials Spare parts and other materials Finished goods Work -in-process  Inventories, except goods in transit are measured at (NRV). In view of innumerable items of inventory feasible to disclose the comparison of NRV and cost.  Raw Materials	4.2 4.3 4.4 4.5 at lower of cos	12,960 5,111,973 5,830,973 5,748,394 10,011,368 32,173,795 30,101,020 38,659,507 116,694,083 et and estimated nei	6,993,465 31,913,240 43,770,920 38,502,547 125,387,724 t realisable value ement, it is no
	Annealing Furnace No05 Annealing Furnace No06 CWIP Electric Chain Hoist with CT Trolley  Inventories Raw materials Auxiliary materials Spare parts and other materials Finished goods Work -in-process  Inventories, except goods in transit are measured at (NRV). In view of innumerable items of inventory feasible to disclose the comparison of NRV and cost.  Raw Materials Pig Iron	4.2 4.3 4.4 4.5 at lower of cos	12,960 5,111,973 5,830,973  5,748,394 10,011,368 32,173,795 30,101,020 38,659,507 116,694,083  at and estimated need units of measured units of measured and a stimated and a stimated and a stimated and a stimated units of measured units of measured and units of measured and a stimated units of measured units of measu	6,993,465 31,913,240 43,770,920 38,502,547 125,387,724 t realisable value rement, it is not
4.00	Annealing Furnace No05 Annealing Furnace No06 CWIP Electric Chain Hoist with CT Trolley  Inventories Raw materials Auxiliary materials Spare parts and other materials Finished goods Work -in-process  Inventories, except goods in transit are measured at (NRV). In view of innumerable items of inventory feasible to disclose the comparison of NRV and cost.  Raw Materials	4.2 4.3 4.4 4.5 at lower of cos	12,960 5,111,973 5,830,973 5,748,394 10,011,368 32,173,795 30,101,020 38,659,507 116,694,083 et and estimated nei	31,913,240 43,770,920 38,502,547 <b>125,387,724</b> t realisable value rement, it is not



SL.	Particulars	Notes	30 June 2020 BDT	30 June 2019 BDT
4.02	Auxiliary Materials			
	Hydrochloric acid		28,245	10,13
	Molasses		213,976	217,97
	Talcum powder		49,950	49,11
	Quartz powder		139,860	115,36
	Graphite powder		5,600	5,60
	Shots		142,987	451,30
	Aluminium ingot		32,112	19,65
	Ball clay		-	19,39
	Boric Acid		52,050	10,00
	Brass		19,580	19,58
	Binder core		250	25
	Castable Cement G-1850		34,875	23
	China Clay		6,000	
	Coal dust			3.50
	Fire clay		7,500	7,50
	Hard cook		24,600	19,25
	Resin sand for core		136,278	260,58
	Silicon manganese		3,000	3,00
	Boric acid		611	61
	Castable cement G-1850		- 28	19,42
	Sodium silicate gum		583	38,75
	Sponge iron		132	5,75
	Marble Powder		18,100	18,100
	Mesh Sand		12,000	
	White Heat A		1,200	(9)
	Yellow Dextrin		38,146	1
			697,441	samono de la co
	Calcanei petroleum coke		1,757,688	1,989,920
	Ferro silicon		482,664	1,120,740
	Zing Ingot		2,090,423	2,514,030
	Carburizer High Sulphur-MI		534,430	
	HS def: bar 20mm		65,475	87,440
	C R Stamping/Bushing Scrap		401,121	100
	Ferromanganese		684,250	19
	Ferro Silicon Magnesium		1,549,492	56
	Inulin		651,096	20
	Slag-30		100,565	5
	Unexp Andedperlite ORG CG		29,802	
			10,011,368	6,993,465
	Spare Parts and Other Materials			
	Consumable materials		21,096,254	24,384,650
	Construction materials		2,600,257	3,169,465
	Spare parts and other materials		8,477,284	4,359,125
	The state of the s			



SL.	Particulars	Notes	30 June 2020 BDT	30 June 2019 BDT
4.04	Finished Goods			
	Finished Goods		30,101,020	43,770,920
			30,101,020	43,770,920
4.05	Work-in-Process			43,770,520
	Annealing		17,200,813	6,014,720
	Grinding		5,739,102	5,961,830
	Drilling		401,643	860,125
	Galvanizing		779,207	2,253,223
	Shots Blasting: GI Fittings		64,192	전 취급
	Threading		14,454,790	23,397,259
	Packing		19,760	15,390
			38,659,507	38,502,547
5.00	Trade Receivables			
	Receivable against sales of goods		5,213,755	5,224,134
	Provision for doubtful debt	5.01	(743,598)	2 1
			4,470,157	5,224,134
	Aging of Trade Receivables			
	Duration:			
	1 - 30 Days		4,020,001	4,267,109
	31 - 60 Days		87	50.0
	61 - 90 Days		13,576	523
	91 - 180 Days			1
	181 - 365 Days		5,171	22
	Over 365 Days		1,174,920	957,002
			5,213,755	5,224,134
	As the Company deals with large number of	f parties, party-wise tr	ade receivables could	d not be given.
5.01	Provision for Doubtful Debt			
	Opening balance		32	12
	Provision made during the year		743,598	186,378
	Adjustment made/ write-off			(186,378
	Closing balance		743,598	
6.00	Advances, Deposits and Prepayments			
	Advances	6.01	35,898,418	11,136,429
	12 NOVE 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	6.00	4,924,552	4,237,552
	Security deposits	6.02		4.637.332
			40,822,970	15,373,982
	Above amounts are unsecured, but consider			
6.01	Above amounts are unsecured, but conside		40,822,970	
6.01	Above amounts are unsecured, but conside Advances Advance against supplier	red good.		
6.01	Above amounts are unsecured, but conside		40,822,970	15,373,982



SL.	Particulars		Notes	30 June 2020 BDT	30 June 2019 BDT
	Advance against others			472,218	717,577
	Advance To NBL securities Itd			34,748	35,198
	Advance Sales VAT			10,484	55,190
	VAT current account			724,180	774 197
	VAT corrent account			35,898,418	724,180 <b>11,136,42</b> 9
.01.01	Advance Income Tax		善	33,033,133	11,150,11
	Opening balance			2,005,307	2,000,000
	Payment made u/s 64 and 74			3,100,000	2,000,00
	Advance income tax at import st	age		2,471,809	7-4-2,7-4-
	Withholding tax	12		6,333	5,30
	Tax adjustment against tax payal	ole		(2,000,000)	(2,000,000
	Closing balance		6	5,583,448	2,005,30
6.02	Security Deposits			2007000	anatarana
	Security deposit -CDBL			300,000	300,000
	Security deposit-electricity			4,020,965	3,333,969
	Security deposit-gas			561,587	561,587
	Security deposit- metre			42,000	42,000
			9	4,924,552	4,237,552
7.00	Short Term Investment				
	Name of Company	No of Share	Cost Price	Market Price	Market Price
	Jamuna Oil Limited	3,932	702,800	543,402	683,382
			CE2 COD		
	M.I. Cement Factory Limited	5,500	652,600	240,900	374,000
	Summit Power Limited	5,500 3,839	208,926	240,900 134,749	
	All the second of the second o				160,086
	All the second of the second o	3,839 - = quity investmen	208,926 1,564,326 ts in other enti	134,749 919,051 ties and are not h	160,086 <b>1,217,468</b> reld for sale. Th
8.00	Summit Power Limited  The investments comprise of e	3,839 - = quity investmen	208,926 1,564,326 ts in other enti	134,749 919,051 ties and are not h	160,086 <b>1,217,468</b> eld for sale. Th
8.00	Summit Power Limited  The investments comprise of eunrealized gain/(loss)has been	3,839 - = quity investmen	208,926 1,564,326 ts in other enti	134,749 919,051 ties and are not h	160,086 1,217,468 eld for sale. The nsive income in
8.00	Summit Power Limited  The investments comprise of eunrealized gain/(loss)has been  Cash and Cash Equivalents	3,839 - = quity investmen	208,926 1,564,326 ts in other enti	134,749 919,051 ties and are not h	
8.00	Summit Power Limited  The investments comprise of e unrealized gain/(loss)has been Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash at banks	3,839 - = quity investmen	208,926 1,564,326 its in other enti d presented in	134,749 919,051 ties and are not h other comprehe	160,086 1,217,468 reld for sale. The nsive income in 32,766,990
8.00	Summit Power Limited  The investments comprise of e unrealized gain/(loss)has been Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash at banks	3,839 - = quity investmen	208,926 1,564,326 its in other enti d presented in	134,749 919,051 ties and are not h other comprehe 25,265,764 3,203,548	160,086 1,217,468 reld for sale. The nsive income if 32,766,990 589,842
	The investments comprise of e unrealized gain/(loss)has been Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash at banks Cash in hand	3,839 - = quity investmen	208,926 1,564,326 its in other enti d presented in	134,749 919,051 ties and are not h other comprehe 25,265,764 3,203,548 28,469,311	160,086 1,217,468 reld for sale. The nsive income if 32,766,990 589,842 33,356,832
	The investments comprise of e unrealized gain/(loss)has been Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash at banks Cash in hand	3,839 - = quity investmen	208,926 1,564,326 its in other enti d presented in	134,749 919,051 ties and are not he other comprehe 25,265,764 3,203,548 28,469,311	160,086 1,217,468 reld for sale. The nsive income in 32,766,990 589,842 33,356,832 2,899
	The investments comprise of e unrealized gain/(loss)has been Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash at banks Cash in hand Cash at Banks AB Bank Limited Al-Arafah Islami Bank Limited	3,839 _ = equity investmen accounted and	208,926 1,564,326 its in other enti d presented in	134,749 919,051 ties and are not he other comprehe 25,265,764 3,203,548 28,469,311 2,209 1,770,303	160,086  1,217,468  eld for sale. The sale income 160,086  32,766,990  589,842  33,356,833  2,899  275,902
	The investments comprise of e unrealized gain/(loss)has been Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash at banks Cash in hand Cash at Banks AB Bank Limited	3,839 _ = equity investmen accounted and	208,926 1,564,326 its in other enti d presented in	134,749 919,051 ties and are not he other comprehe 25,265,764 3,203,548 28,469,311 2,209 1,770,303 16,660	160,086  1,217,466  eld for sale. The sive income 32,766,990 589,842 33,356,832 2,899 275,902 17,350
	The investments comprise of e unrealized gain/(loss)has been Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash at banks Cash in hand Cash at Banks AB Bank Limited Al-Arafah Islami Bank Limited Bangladesh Commerce Bank Limited	3,839 _ = equity investmen accounted and	208,926 1,564,326 its in other enti d presented in	134,749 919,051 ties and are not he other comprehe 25,265,764 3,203,548 28,469,311 2,209 1,770,303 16,660 111,627	160,086  1,217,468  reld for sale. The sive income in sive income in sale.  32,766,990 589,842 33,356,832  2,899 275,902 17,350 112,467
	The investments comprise of e unrealized gain/(loss)has been Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash at banks Cash in hand  Cash at Banks AB Bank Limited Al-Arafah Islami Bank Limited Bangladesh Commerce Bank Lim Brac Bank Limited Dutch Bangla Bank Limited	3,839 _ = equity investmen accounted and	208,926 1,564,326 its in other enti d presented in	134,749 919,051 ties and are not he other comprehe 25,265,764 3,203,548 28,469,311 2,209 1,770,303 16,660 111,627 3,012,788	160,086 1,217,468  eld for sale. The sale income in
	The investments comprise of e unrealized gain/(loss)has been Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash at banks Cash in hand Cash at Banks AB Bank Limited Al-Arafah Islami Bank Limited Bangladesh Commerce Bank Limited	3,839 _ = equity investmen accounted and	208,926 1,564,326 its in other enti d presented in	134,749 919,051 ties and are not he other comprehe 25,265,764 3,203,548 28,469,311 2,209 1,770,303 16,660 111,627	160,086  1,217,468  reld for sale. The sive income in sale. 32,766,990 589,842 33,356,832 2,899 275,902 17,350 112,467

For the year ended 30 June 2020

SL.	Particulars	Notes	30 June 2020 BDT	30 June 2019 BDT
	Mutual Trust Bank Limited		744,422	251,624
	NRB Commercial Bank Limited		2,305	2,309
	Pubali Bank Limited		1,095,154	2,124,865
	South Bangla Agricultural and Commercial Ban	k Limited	624,983	32,279
	Shahjalal Islami Bank Limited		786,561	80,19
	Standard Bank Limited		169,383	7,04
	The City Bank Limited, F.Ex. Branch		1,265,943	14,730,37
	The City Bank Limited, Motijheel Branch		3,942,807	904,01
	The City Bank Limited, Principal Branch		9,310	-
	The City Bank Limited, Principal Branch		4,006,506	1,064,20
	United Commercial Bank Limited		1,779,750	424,16
	Uttara Bank Limited		894,371	68,86
			25,265,764	32,766,99
8.02	Cash in Hand			
	Cash in head office		3,072	1,68
	Cash in factory office		3,200,476	588,15
			3,203,548	589,84
9.00	Share Capital			
	Authorised Capital			
	2,00,00,000 Ordinary Shares of BDT 10 Each		200,000,000	200,000,000
	3,00,00,000 Ordinary Shares of BDT 10 Each		300,000,000	<b>E</b>
			500,000,000	200,000,000

During the year ending on 30 June 2020, the authorized capital is increased from BDT 200,000,000 to BDT 500,000,000 (Fifty Crore) only divided into 50,000,000 (Five Crore) ordinary shares of BDT 10 (Ten) each.

### Issued, Subscribed, and Paid-up-Capital

	145,200,000	145,200,000
14,520,000 ordinary shares of BDT 10 each issued for cash	145,200,000	145,200,000

The composition of the shareholders at balance sheet date was as follows:

	% of Shareholding		Value of Shares	
Categories of Shareholders	30 June 2020	30 June 2019	30 June 2020	30 June 2019
Sponsor and Directors	35.32%	35.32%	51,290,000	51,290,000
Institutional Investors	18.91%	18.91%	27,457,280	27,457,280
Public	45.77%	45.77%	66,452,720	66,452,720
	100%	100%	145,200,000	145,200,000



For the year ended 30 June 2020

SL.	Particulars		Notes	30 June 2020 BDT	30 June 2019 BDT
	Classifications of Shareholders	by Holding:			
		% of I	folding	Number o	f Holders
	Holdings	30 June 2020	30 June 2019	30 June 2020	30 June 2020
	01-20	0.017%	0.015%	350	349
	21-49	0.029%	0.022%	78	134
	50-50	0.022%	0.024%	43	6.5
	51-200	0.552%	0.522%	427	62:
	201-500	2.479%	2.602%	664	85.
	501-1000	3.966%	4.542%	572	73:
	1001-5000	14.318%	16.603%	649	91
	5001-10000	8.099%	9.797%	134	15
	10001-25000	8.479%	13.042%	72	8
	25001-50000	4.860%	5.068%	20	_ 2
	50001-9999999999	57.177%	47.764%	30	3
	Total	100%	100%	3,039	3,95
10.00	Retained Earnings Profit brought forward			(1,939,025)	(43,606,728
	Transfer of retained earnings to	other income (N	ote-11)	**************************************	241,033
	Profit brought forward	eromiciani i diber-i-trivani •car		(1,939,025)	(43,365,695
	Net profit during the year			29,490,879	21,888,967
	Cash dividend			(14,520,000)	(14,520,000
	Transfer of tax holiday reserve		(Note-10.01)	***	34,057,703
	Balance carried forward		3	13,031,854	(1,939,025
10.01	Tax Holiday Reserve				
	Year				
	1996-1997			25	8,489,546
	1997-1998				8,539,236
	1998-1999			÷.	5,687,240
	1999-2000			27	5,700,825
	2000-2001				5,640,856
					34,057,703
	Less: Transfer of tax holiday rese	rve to retained e	earnings		(34,057,703
			1000		

The company transferred the 'Tax Holiday Reserve' fully to the 'Retained Earnings' in the financial year ended on 30 June 2019 since tax holiday period relating to the reserve has already been elapsed since long and there is no requirement by law to continue this special reserve in accounts.



SL.	Particulars	Notes	30 June 2020 BDT	30 June 2019 BDT
11.00	Other Components of Equity			
	Opening balance		(346,858)	
	Transfer from retained earnings to other incom	e.	(340,030)	(241,033
	Transaction retained comings to other mean		(346,858)	(241,033
	Gain/(loss) on marketable securities (unrealized	G.	(298,417)	(105,825
	Balance carried forward		(645,275)	(346,858
	The Company has disclosed Retained Earnings a	and Other Compo	nents of Equity sepa	rately for the firs
	time as per the requirement of IAS-1. The comp			
	time as per the requirement of 183-1. The comp	anative balance ic	ir the same is adjuste	ed accordingly.
12.00	Deferred Tax Liability			
	Opening balance		10,320,053	10,409,064
	Deferred tax (income)/ expense charged in Prof	it & Loss	(917,612)	(89,01)
	Deferred tax (income)/ expense charged in OCI		5 20	100 5016 500
	Closing Balance	12.01	9,402,441	10,320,053
12.01	For 30 June 2020	Carrying Value	Tax Based Value	Temporary Difference
	Property, Plant and Equipment			
	Land	8,877,421	8,877,421	
	Other than land	77,084,877	39,475,115	37,609,762
		85,962,298	48,352,536	37,609,762
	Applicable Tax Rate			5 75 A 8 76 7 7 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8
	On land			155
	On other than land			255
				5.53
	Deferred Tax Liability			
	On land			g.
	On other than land			9,402,441
	Deferred tax liabilities as on June 30, 2020		5	9,402,441
12.02	For 30 June 2019	Carrying Value	Tax Based Value	Temporary Difference
	Property, Plant and Equipment			
	Land	8,877,421	8,877,421	*
	Other than land	79,154,102	37,873,891	41,280,211
	Applicable Tou Bata	88,031,523	46,751,312	41,280,211
	Applicable Tax Rate			
	On land			159
	On other than land			259



For the year ended 30 June 2020

SL.	Particulars	Notes	30 June 2020 BDT	30 June 2019 BDT
	Deferred Tax Liability			
	On land			54
	On other than land			10,320,053
	Deferred tax liabilities as on June 30, 2019		15	10,320,053
13.00	Trade and Other Payables			
	Trade payable		18,486,612	70,848,323
	Liabilities for expenses	13.01	46,215,851	26,970,851
	Advance received from customers		22,498,183	9,554,075
			87,200,645	107,373,249
13.01	Liabilities for Expenses			
	Unpaid dividend		15,920,157	12,080,301
	Liabilities for other expense		15,258,129	3,400,262
	Provision for WPPF	13.01.01	7,387,830	5,438,070
	Liabilities for salaries, wages and others		7,304,917	5,089,152
	TDS & VDS payable		344,818	963,066
			46,215,851	26,970,851
13.01.01	Provision for WPPF			
	Opening balance		5,089,152	3,690,372
	Provision made during the year		2,215,765	1,398,780
	Disbursement made during the year		3	2
			7,304,917	5,089,152

The Board is in the process of complying the requirements of Bangladesh Labour Law 2006. The Board decided in the 154th Board Meeting dated 29 April 2019 to fully comply with the Labour Law Act 2006 and distribute the total amount outstanding accordingly. However, due to pandemic situation the process of implementation was delayed. The Company is devoted to act according to the Law.

14.00	Income Tax Payable			
	Opening balance		7,984,244	6,860,416
	Tax provision made during the year	14.01	10,421,922	6,175,640
	Adjustment of tax liability with advance tax paid		(2,000,000)	(2,000,000)
	Tax payment against demand for the Tax Return		(6,175,640)	(3,051,812)
	Closing balance	_	10,230,526	7,984,244
14.01	Tax Computation for the Year			
	Net Profit before tax		38,995,189	27,975,596
	Add: Expenditures for separate consideration:			
	Accounting Depreciation		9,350,108	7,735,092
	Entertainment		1,590,727	829,455
	Less: Admissible expense			
	Depreciation as per third Schedule		(7,377,162)	(11,313,043)



For the year ended 30 June 2020

SL.	Particulars Notes	30 June 2020 BDT	30 June 2019 BDT
	Entertainment Expenses as per section 30(f)(i) of ITO & Rule-65	(871,177)	(524,542)
	Net taxable business income	41,687,685	24,702,558
	Income tax rate	25%	25%
	Income tax expense charged	10,421,922	6,175,640
14.02	Reconciliation of Effective Tax Rate		
	Profit before income tax (A)	38,995,189	27,975,596
	Applicable tax rate	25%	25%
	Income tax (B)	9,748,798	6,993,899
	Factors effecting the tax charge for the current year		
	(Excess)/ short of fiscal depreciation over accounting depreciat	ion 1,972,946	(3,577,951)
	Inadmissible expense	719,550	304,913
	Movement of temporary differences: (credit)/charge as above	2,692,496	(3,273,038)
	Tax on temporary differences ( C )	673,124	(818,259
	Total income tax expense (B+C)	10,421,922	6,175,640
	Effective tax rate (B+C)/A	26.73%	22.08%
15.00	Short Term Loan		
	Opening Balance	~	1,725,524
	LTR used during the year	49,430,816	5,722,399
	LTR settled during the year	(30,682,165)	(3,996,875)
		18,748,650	4

The nature of the short term loan Loan against Trust Receipt (LTR) and is availed by the Company from South Bangla Agricultural and Commerce Bank limited (Principal Branch). The purpose of this facility is to retire LC related shipping documents. The interest rate is 13% p.a. with quarterly rest subject to change may be made by the bank from time to time. The sanction limit amount is BDT 70m and collateral security is 99.00 Decimal land with 40,000 sft. Factory shed.(Pubire Road), Mouza-Ivlokrun, PS- Tongi, Dist.- Gazipur owned by the Company.



SL.	Particulars	Notes	30 June 2020 BDT	30 June 2019 BDT
16.00	Revenue			
79 718 707 67	Sales: GI Fittings		515,716,669	410,004,235
	Sales: Brake Drum		313,710,003	12,656,355
	Sales: Others		18,534,979	10,783,186
			534,251,648	433,443,776
	The sales amount is presented net of VAT.			
17.00	Cost of Goods Sold			
SW:2-20	Raw materials consumption	17.01	138,615,013	89,588,485
	Auxiliary materials consumption	17.02	89,101,652	87,101,184
	Spare parts and other material consumption	17.03	68,624,150	55,375,475
	Total Consumption of Material	#4.00#.	296,340,815	232,065,145
	Factory overheads	17.04	154,415,677	135,041,982
	Opening stock of work -in-process		38,502,547	44,747,599
	Closing stock of work -in-process		(38,659,507)	(38,502,547
	Cost of Production		450,599,533	373,352,178
	Opening stock of finished goods		43,770,920	49,675,758
	Closing stock of finished goods		(30,101,020)	(43,770,920
	Cost of Goods Sold		464,269,433	379,257,017
17.01	Raw Materials Consumption			
	Opening stock		4,207,551	6,644,492
	Add: Purchase		140,155,856	87,151,545
			144,363,407	93,796,037
	Less: Closing stock		5,748,394	4,207,551
	55W-55W-1		138,615,013	89,588,485
17.02	Auxiliary Materials Consumption			
	Opening stock		6,993,465	5,616,796
	Add: Purchase		92,119,555	88,477,853
			99,113,020	94,094,649
	Less: Closing stock		10,011,368	6,993,465
			89,101,652	87,101,184
7.03	Spare Parts and Other Material Consumption			
	Opening stock		31,913,240	31,444,070
	Add: Purchase		68,884,705	55,844,646
		-	100,797,945	87,288,715
	Less: Closing stock		32,173,795	31,913,240
		9	68,624,150	55.375,475



SL.	Particulars	Notes	30 June 2020 BDT	30 June 2019
			ви	TC9
17.04	Factory Overheads			
	Salary, wages and allowances		84,644,953	81,451,20
	Power cost		48,273,108	39,264,92
	Entertainment expense		1,590,727	829,45
	Telephone, mobile & internet		118,023	126,49
	Workers quarter rent		604,520	504,00
	Worker welfare expenses		780,463	846,86
	Business development expense		223,500	247,50
	Consumables		120,542	265,75
	Cleaning expense		53,000	46,20
	Repair and maintenance		7,685,165	3,437,43
	Travelling and conveyance		550,345	195,96
	Carriage inward		982,228	428,07
	Depreciation		8,789,102	7,398,12
			154,415,677	135,041,98
18.00	Administrative Expenses			
	Salary and allowances		6,417,581	6,394,45
	Business development expenses		493,873	610,45
	Licence, registration, consultancy and renewal fees		1,117,455	664,69
	Audit fees		150,000	172,50
	Office rent		803,725	588,32
	Repair and maintenance		365,910	604,80
	Staff welfare expenses		1,144,179	1,213,84
	Utility expenses		1,027,172	929,23
	IT expenses		20,400	52,91
	Postage and courier expenses		24,752	53,61
	Entertainment expenses		26,834	55,38
	Telephone and mobile		43,389	45,35
	Printing, stationary and photocopy		411,168	715,02
	Travelling and conveyance		186,599	77,32
	Other expenses		29,577	25555
	Loss on disposal of fixed assets	18.01	1,492,771	496,52
	Bad debt expense	5.01	743,598	186,37
	Depreciation		561,006	472,22
			15,059,989	13,333,045



SL.	Particulars	Notes	30 June 2020 BDT	30 June 2019 BDT
18.01	Loss/ (Gain) on Sales of Fixed Assets			
	Cost of fixed assets		3,770,870	
	Accumulated Depreciation		(2,002,495)	5.53
	Carrying value of assets classified as held for sale		=	52,280,217
	Written down value of fixed assets		1,768,375	52,280,217
	Sales proceed		(275,604)	(51,783,688
			1,492,771	496,529
19.00	Selling and Distribution Expenses			
	Promotional expenses		264,103	538,984
	Carriage outward		3,509,066	2,738,884
	Sales incentive		7,392,942	2,475,783
	Salary and allowances		25,162	2,232,953
	Mobile bill		-	54,667
	Dealer/ mechanics seminar		1,798,759	1,799,985
	Travelling and daily allowances		138,555	1,018,450
	A A CONTROLLE TO THE PROPERTY SHOULD SHOULD SEE THE STORY AND SHOULD SHO		13,128,587	10,859,706
20.00	Financial Expenses			
	Bank charges and commission		172,812	139,374
	Credit report fee		1,1,011	34,740
	Interest expenses		852,419	632,455
			1,025,231	806,570
21.00	Non-Operating Income			
	Discount and commission		28,620	14,234
	Other Income		21,058	17,207
	Rebate on insurance exp.		29,290	2
	Dividend income		19,756	63,982
	Rent income		35,600	72,970
	Interest income		42,217	35,752
			176,541	186,937
22.00	Collection from Customers and Others			
	Opening balance of trade receivables		5,224,134	10,175,087
	Add: Sales during the year		534,251,648	433,443,776
			539,475,782	443,618,863
	Less: Closing balance of trade receivables		4,470,157	5,224,134
	Total collection from trade receivables		535,005,625	438,394,729
	Increase/(decrease) advance collection from customers	ě	12,944,108	9,554,075
	Collection from income and other		176,541	220,210
			548,126,273	448,169,015



For the year ended 30 June 2020

SL.	Particulars	Notes	30 June 2020	30 June 2019
-	100 No.	, , , , , ,	BDT	BDT
23.00	Net Asset Value (NAV) Per Share			
	The Computation of NAV per share is given below:			
	Assets		283,168,842	268,591,663
	Less: Liabilities		125,582,263	125,677,546
	Net Assets Value		157,586,579	142,914,117
	Weighted average number of ordinary shares	23.01	14,520,000	14,520,000
	Net Assets Value (NAV) Per Share		10.85	9.84

#### 23.01 Weighted average number of Ordinary Shares as at 30 June 2020

b) Weighted average number of ordinary shares

has lead to substantial ans secured growth of 35% in EPS.

	Details	Number of days outstanding	No. of shares in issue	Weighted average no. of shares
	Ordinary shares outstanding	365	14,520,000	14,520,000
24.00	Earnings Per Share (EPS)			
24.01	Basic Earnings Per Share		5/5/10/00/00/00	
	<ul> <li>a) Profit Attributable to the ordinary shareholders</li> </ul>		29,490,879	21,888,967

Basic Earnings Per Share (a/b)

The company has ensured Net Profit Margin at 5.52% during the current year compared to 5.05% in the previous period. This is achived by mantaining growth in revenue by 23% over the previous year and controlling manufacturing expenditures. The operational shift from manufacturing and distributing Brake Drums to only GI products has also benifited the company with lower selling cost. Overall, this

23.01

14,520,000

14,520,000

### 24.02 Diluted Earnings Per Share

No diluted EPS was required to be calculated for the year since there was no scope for dilution of shares during the year.

#### 25.00 Net Operating Cash Flow Per share (NOCFPS)

The composition of operating cash inflow/outflow value per share is given below:

a) Operating cash inflow/ (outflow) during the period		51,355,018	24,246,092
b) Weighted average number of ordinary shares	23.01	14,520,000	14,520,000
		3.54	1.67

The increased EPS and controlled recievable balance during the year indicated that the earning has improved without compromrising market credit which generated improved cash inflow. Loan against Trustee Receipt (LTR) facility has been availed during the year and which also resulted in improved NOCFPS.



SL.	Particulars No.	tes	30 June 2020 BDT	30 June 2019 BDT
26.00	Reconciliation of Net Operating Cash Flows			
	Net profit before tax		38,995,189	27,975,596
	Add: Item not involving movement of cash		551-000 50000000	510-35005445460411
	Depreciation on property, plant & equipment		9,350,108	7,870,341
	(Gain)/loss on disposal of non-current asset		1,492,771	496,529
	Finance cost		1,025,231	806,570
	Interest income		3.5%	35,752
	WPPF		1,949,760	1,398,780
			13,817,870	10,607,971
	A. Cash generated from operations before changes in wor	king ca	52,813,059	38,583,567
	Changes in working capital			
	(Increase) / decrease in inventory		8,693,642	12,740,991
	(Increase) / decrease in trade receivables		753,977	4,950,953
	(Increase)/ decrease in advance, deposit & prepayment		(29,027,130)	(2,053,112)
	increase / (decrease) in trade and other payable		30,756,912	(24,759,200)
	B. Total changes in working capital		11,177,400	(9,120,368)
	C. Cash generated from operating activities (A+B)		63,990,459	29,463,198
	Less: payments made during the year			
	Tax paid		(11,753,781)	(5,051,812)
	Finance expense paid		(881,661)	(165,293)
	D. Net cash inflows from operating activities		51,355,018	24,246,093



For the year ended 30 June 2020

#### 27.00 Related Party Disclosure:

- a). Key Management Personnel of the Company were not given any compensation benefits.
- b). During the year the company carried out a number of transactions with related parties in the normal course of business on an arms' length basis. Name of those related parties, nature of those transactions and their total value have been set out in accordance with the provisions of IAS -24: Related Party Disclosure.

Name of Party/Company	Relation	Nature of Transaction	Outstanding as on 30 June 2020
Anwar Ispat Ltd.		Supply of Material	8,378,008
A One Polymer Ltd	Common	Supply of Material	(3,837,682)
Anwar Integrated Steel Plant Ltd.	Director	Supply of Material	(3,412,371)
Anwar Cement Sheet Ltd.		Supply of Material	(11,237)

Name of Party/Company	Relation	Nature of Transaction	Outstanding as on 30 June 2019
Anwar Ispat Ltd.		Supply of Material	32,026,845
A One Polymer Ltd	Common	Supply of Material	17,174,248
Anwar Integrated Steel Plant Ltd.	Director	Supply of Material	3,412,371
Anwar Cement Sheet Ltd.		Supply of Material	(108,849)

#### 28.00 Financial Risk Management

#### 28.01 Risk management framework

The Company's management has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework. The Company's risk management policies are established to identify and analyse these risks faced by the Company, to set appropriate risk limits and controls and to monitor risks and adhere to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Company's activities. The Company, through its training and management standards and procedures, aims to maintain a disciplined and constructive control environment in which all employees understand their roles and obligations.

#### 28.02 Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of a financial loss to the Group if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations.

The Company's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer. However, management also considers the factors that may influence the credit risk of its customer base, including the default risk of the industry and country in which customers operate.

The maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by the carrying amount of each financial asset in the statement of financial position.



For the year ended 30 June 2020

#### Exposure to credit risk

The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date was:

	30 June 2020	30 June 2019
	BDT	BDT
Trade receivables	4,470,157	5,224,134
Cash and cash equivalents	28,469,311	33,356,832
	32,939,468	38,580,966

#### 28.03 Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company's approach to managing liquidity (cash and cash equivalents) to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when they fall due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company's reputation. Typically, the Company ensures that it has sufficient cash and cash equivalents to meet expected operational expenses for periods which the Company thinks appropriate; this excludes the potential impact of extreme circumstances that cannot reasonably be predicted such as natural disasters. Moreover, the Company seeks to maintain short term lines of credit with scheduled commercial banks to ensure payment of obligation in the event that there is insufficient cash to make the required payment.

	30 June 2020 BDT	30 June 2019 BDT
Trade and other payables	107,373,249	184,326,406

#### 28.04 Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that any change in market conditions, such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and commodity prices that will affect the Company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimising the return.

#### 29.00 Capital Management

Capital management refers to implementing policies and measures to maintain sufficient capital, assessing Company's internal capital adequacy to ensure Company's operation as a going concern. Capital consists of share capital, general reserve and revaluation reserve. All major investment and operational decisions with exposure to certain amount are evaluated and approved by the board. The Board of Directors monitors the level of dividends to ordinary shareholders.

#### 30.00 Director of the Company:

#### a) Number of Director:

There are 10 Directors of the company during the year ended 30 June 2020.

#### b) Salary & Remuneration of the management team:

Aggregate amount paid to the management team for their service rendered as defined in the schedule 12(2) para 4 part-II of Securities & Exchange rules 1987 are given below:



	SL. Name	Designation	Amount (Yearly)	Remarks
	01. Mr Manwar Hossain	Chairman	NIL	555069-43808
	02. Mr Hossain Akhter	Managing Director	NIL	Full Time
	03. Mr Hossain Mehmood	Director	NIL	1442-114
	04. Mrs Bibi Amena	Director	NIL	
	05. Mr Hossain Khaled	Director	NIL	
	06. Mrs Hasian Begum	Nominated Director	NIL	
	07. Mrs Shaheena Begum	Nominated Director	NIL	
	08. Mr Tareq Hossain	Shareholder Director	NIL	
	09. Mr Md. Abu Quasem	Independent Director	NIL	
	10. Mr Naba Gopal Banik	Independent Director	NIL	
31.00	General			
	a. The Company has no aggregat	e amount of contract for cap	oital expenditure to	
	be executed and not provided for			NIL
	b. There is no Guarantee issued I company.			NIL
	c. Auditors are paid only statuto the last AGM.			NIL
	<ul> <li>d. There was no foreign exchang year under audit.</li> </ul>	e remitted to relevant snare	noiders during the	NIL
	e. No amount of money was ex member of the board for special	pended by the company for service.	compensating any	NIL
32.00	Additional Disclosure as per SEC			
	Security and Exchange rules, 198	7 [ Rule 12(2)]		
	a) Claim against the company not		0.06.2020	NIL
	b) Uncalled liability on partly paid	up shares		NIL
	c) Arrears of first cumulative divid	ends on preference shares to	gether with	
	the period for which the dividend	are in arrears.		NIL
	d) The aggregate amount of contr	acts for capital expenditure r	emaining to	
	be executed and not provided for			NIL
	e) Other sums for which the co	mpany is continently liable	as on 30/06/2020	
	except letter of credit open in th	e normal course of have the	e same amount of	NIL
	contingent asset. business, again v	we have the same amount of	contingent asset.	
	f) The general nature of any credi contract and not taken up at date	t facilities available to the co of Statement of Financial Pos	ompany under any sition.	NIL
	g) Aggregate amount due by direc undertakings:	ctors and officers of the comp	pany or associated	
	Director			NIL
-	Associated Undertaking	36 NUQ e		NIL



For the year ended 30 June 2020

Officers

h) Securities and Exchange Rules, 1987[Para5(a), (iii) of part-1]

The advances against goods, services and expenses considered good by the management and no collateral security is held against the advances.

NIL

#### 33.00 Particulars of requirements as per schedule XI Part ii of the companies Act, 1994

#### 1. Para-3 (i) (b)

Commission paid to selling agents.

NIL

#### 2. Para-3 (i) (c)

Brokerage and discount on sales other then the usual trade discount

NIL

#### 3. Para-3d (i) (ii)

1)	Value of raw materials consumed	138,615,013	TK
ii)	Opening Stock	266.88	MT
iii)	Production during the year	1,988.25	MT
iv)	Sold during the year	2,092.36	MT
v)	Other consumption	NIL	MT
vi	Closing Stock	162.77	MT

#### 4. Para-3,(ii)

i) Number of employees drawing salary above. Tk. 3,000 per Mc

533 Nos

ii) Number of employees drawing salary below Tk. 3,000 per m

NIL

#### 5. Para - 4 (f)

3.100 - 1(0)	30 June 2020 BDT	30 June 2019 BDT
<ol> <li>Receivables considered good and in respect of which the company is fully secured.</li> </ol>	NIL	NIL
ii) Receivables considered good for which the company holds no security other than the debtors' personal security.	4,470,157	5,224,134
(iii) Receivables due by directors or other officers of the company or any other of them either separately or jointly with any other person or receivables due by firms or private	NIL	NIL
companies respectively in which any director is a partner or a iv) Receivables due by companies under same management.	4,004,958	2,653,999
v) The maximum amount due by directors or other officers of the company at any time during the year.	NIL	NIL
6. Para - 8 (b)		
Expenses incurred in foreign currency on account of royalty, technical expert & professional advisory fee, Interest etc. if	NIL	NIL

#### 7. Para - 8 (c)

Value of all imported raw materials, spare parts & components consumed during the financial year & the value of all indigenous raw materials, spare parts & components similarly consumed & the percentage of each to the total consumption are as under:



For the year ended 30 June 2020

Local	Qty. MT	Value	%
CI Scrap	421	19,982,761	10%
MS Scrap/ Rod Cutting	1,493	57,488,234	28%
Pig Iron	178	10,579,605	5%
Raw Materials	2,092	88,050,600	42%
Spare Parts	177	37,522,450	18%
Total Local		125,573,050	10/0
Finished Goods	220	50,564,413	24%
Spare Parts		31,101,700	15%
Total Import		81,666,113	1570
Total	2,092	207,239,163	100%
8. Para- 8(d)			
i) Number of Non - Resident shar			NIL

i) Number of Non - Resident shareholder					
그림을 어느었다면 나가 있다면 하는데 없었다면 하는데 없었다면 하는데					

ii) Number of shares held by the Non-Resident shareholders including foreign NIL investor

#### 9. Para - 8 (e)

Earning in foreign exchange classified under the following head, namely:

	and individually in the second	
1)	export of goods calculated on F. O. B. basis;	NIL
11)	royalty, know-how, professional and consultation fees;	NIL
iii)	interest and dividend;	NIL
iv)	other income, indicating the nature thereof.	NIL
		1417

#### 34.00 Events after the Reporting Period:

#### a) Proposed Dividend:

The Board of Directors recommended 10% cash dividend and 5% stock dividend for the year ended 30 June 2020 which is subject to approval by the shareholders in the Annual General Meeting (AGM). As this dividend is subject to approval by shareholders at the AGM, it has not been included as a liability in these financial statements as on 30 June 2020.

#### b) Approval of Financial Statements:

These financial statements were authorized for issue in accordance with a resolution of the Company's Board of Directors on 27 October 2020.

#### c) Significant Events After Reporting Period:

There is no other significant event that has occurred between the end of the reporting period and the date when the Financial Statements were authorised for issue.

Company Secretary

Managing Director

Chairman



# Anwar Galvanizing Limited Schedule of Property, Plant and Equipment For the year ended 30 June 2020

i				COST			Rate		۵	Depreciation	Plat		
즈 g	Assets Category	As on 01 July 2019	Addition during the year	Disposal	Reclassified	As on 30 June 2020	×	As on 01 July 2019	As on 01 July Charged during 2019 the year	Disposal	Reclassified	As on 30 June 2020	Written down value as on 30 June 2020
		٧	8	U	٥	E=(A+B-C-D)			9	=	-	1=(F+G-H-I)	N=(F.II)
	Land & Land Development	8,877,421				8,877,421			4			-	0 977 433
2	Building & Construction	16,118,532	191,199	9		16 309 731	2.5%	8 017 439	271 860			000 000 0	20,010,0
	Plant, Machinery & Ferrinment	400 971 451	7 010 010	7000000 3 770 070		000 000 00	2 22 2000	200,000,000	2001404	1000		0,202,203	2445
		100000000000000000000000000000000000000	030,000,	2,110,010	H	35,055,409 5.33-25%	5.33-7.5%	28,383,398	8,111,175	2,002,495	140	34,492,077	60,567,332
	Office Equipment	7,851,488	789,487	377		8,640,975	10-33,33%	2,534,902	691,541			3 226 443	5.414.537
95	Furniture & Fixtures	1,450,582	109,742	14	1	1,560,324	10%	239,113	122.766			361 879	1 108 444
	Vehicles	2,913,470	٠	1		2,913,470	%299	876.578	152,766	E74		1 029 346	1 884 1 26
IEIC	Total Taka as on 30 June 2020	128,082,944	9,049,256 3,770,870	3,770,870		133,361,330		40,051,421	9,350,108	2,002,495	54	47 399 032	85 962 298

	88,031,523
	40,051,421
1	2,000
	7,870,341
The second secon	32,186,080
The state of the s	128,082,944
	5,450
	121,585,809 6,502,585
1 41 7 4	Total Taka as on 30 June 2019

2019 BDT	7,398,120	472,220	7,870,341
2020 BDT	8,789,102	561,006	9,350,108
	S		

Allocation of Depreciation : Charge to Production Charge to Administration

